

§ 32.56–10 Navigation positions—T/ALL.

(a) No navigation position may be above the cargo area unless it is approved by the Commandant as necessary for the safe operation of the vessel.

(b) Each navigation position that is above the cargo area must be separated from the deck by an unenclosed space that extends at least 2 meters (6.6 feet) from the deck to the navigation position.

(c) Openings to navigation positions above cargo areas, except air locks, must be at least 2.4 meters (7.9 feet) above the deck.

§ 32.56–15 Deck spills—T/ALL.

A coaming or other barrier at least .3 meters (1 foot) higher than adjacent spill containment barrier must be provided to prevent cargo spills from flowing aft of the housefront.

§ 32.56–20 Insulation of exterior boundaries: Superstructures and deckhouses—T/ALL.

The following exterior boundaries of superstructures and deckhouses that contain accommodation, service, and control spaces, except wheelhouses, must be insulated to “A-60” Class:

(a) The exterior boundaries that face the cargo area.

(b) The portion of the exterior bulkheads and decks within 3 meters (10 feet) of these boundaries.

§ 32.56–21 Openings in exterior boundaries: Accommodation, service, and control spaces—T/ALL.

The following exterior boundaries of accommodation, service, and control spaces, except wheelhouses, must have no openings, and portlights must be of a fixed type with easily operable steel covers on the inside:

(a) The exterior boundaries that face the cargo area.

(b) The portion of the exterior boundaries within 3 meters (10 feet) or the length of the vessel divided by 25, whichever is greater, except that the distance need not exceed 5 meters (16.4 feet), of these boundaries.

§ 32.56–22 Openings in and insulation of boundaries: Other spaces—T/ALL.

If openings are fitted into the following exterior boundaries of any space other than an accommodation, service, or control space, the interior of the space must be insulated to “A-60” Class and the space must not provide access to any accommodation, service, or control space:

(a) The exterior boundaries that face the cargo area.

(b) The portion of the exterior boundaries within 3 meters (10 feet) or the length of the vessel divided by 25, whichever is greater, except that the distance need not exceed 5 meters (16.4 feet), of these boundaries.

§ 32.56–25 Category A machinery spaces: Windows and port lights—T/ALL.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section and subpart 111.105, of this chapter, boundaries of category A machinery spaces and boundaries of cargo pumprooms must not be pierced for windows or portlights.

(b) Skylights that can be closed from outside the spaces they serve may be fitted in boundaries of category A machinery spaces.

[CGD 74-127, 41 FR 3844, Jan. 26, 1976, as amended by CGD 74-125A, 47 FR 15230, Apr. 8, 1982]

§ 32.56–30 Category A machinery spaces: Bulkheads and decks—T/ALL.

(a) Bulkheads and decks that separate category A machinery spaces from cargo pumprooms must be “A” Class construction.

(b) Bulkheads and decks that separate category A machinery spaces or cargo pumprooms, including the pump-room entrance, from accommodation, service, or control spaces must be “A-60” Class construction.

§ 32.56–35 Doors—T/ALL.

(a) Casing doors in category A machinery spaces and all elevator doors must be self-closing and must meet the requirements of 46 CFR 72.05–25(b).

(b) If a means of holding a door open is used, it must be a magnetic holdback or equivalent device that is operated

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from the bridge or other suitable remote control position.

§ 32.56-40 Category A machinery spaces: Insulation—T/ALL.

Structural insulation within category A machinery spaces must have a barrier such as metal foil, sheet metal, cementitious coating, or other vapor barrier so that the surface of that insulation is impervious to oil and oil vapors.

[CGD 74-127, 41 FR 3844, Jan. 26, 1976, as amended by CGD 74-127, 41 FR 4826, Feb. 2, 1976]

§ 32.56-45 Draft stops—T/ALL.

(a) Where ceilings or linings are fitted in accommodation, service, or control spaces, “B” Class bulkheads, except those that form passageways, may stop at the ceiling or lining if draft stops of “B” Class construction are fitted between the ceiling or lining and the deck or shell at intervals of 14 meters (45 feet) or less.

(b) Spaces behind the linings of stairways and other trunks must have draft stops at each deck.

§ 32.56-50 Combustible veneers—T/ALL.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section combustible veneers on bulkheads, linings, and ceilings within accommodation, service, or control spaces must be 2 millimeters (.079 inches) or less in thickness.

(b) Veneers on bulkheads, linings, and ceilings in concealed spaces, corridors, stairway enclosures, or control spaces must be an approved interior finish material or a reasonable number of coats of paint.

§ 32.56-55 Control spaces—T/ALL.

Bulkheads and decks that separate control spaces from adjacent spaces must be “A” Class construction and insulated against fire. 46 CFR Table 72.05-10(e) of the Passenger Vessel Regulations may be used as a guide.

§ 32.56-60 Ventilation ducts—T/ALL.

(a) Each duct for ventilation of Category A machinery spaces that passes through accommodation, service, or control spaces must be:

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(1) Constructed of steel and insulated to “A-60” Class; or

(2) Constructed of steel, fitted with an automatic fire damper at each boundary where it enters and leaves the Category A machinery space, and insulated to “A-60” Class for a distance of 5 meters (16.4 feet) beyond each machinery space boundary.

(b) Each duct for ventilation of accommodation, service, and control spaces that passes through Category A machinery spaces must be constructed of steel and be fitted with an automatic fire damper at each Category A machinery space boundary.

Subpart 32.57—Structural Fire Protection for Tank Vessels Contracted for On or After January 1, 1963

§ 32.57-1 Application—TB/ALL.

(a) The provisions of this subpart shall apply to all tank vessels contracted for on or after January 1, 1963.

(b) SOLAS-certificated vessels may be considered equivalent to the provisions of this subpart.

[CGFR 65-50, 30 FR 16671, Dec. 30, 1965, as amended by CGD 95-028, 62 FR 51198, Sept. 30, 1997]

§ 32.57-5 Definitions—TB/ALL.

(a) *Standard fire test.* A “standard fire test” is one which develops in the test furnace a series of time temperature relationships as follows:

5 minutes—	1,000° F.
10 minutes—	1,300° F.
30 minutes—	1,550° F.
60 minutes—	1,700° F.

(b) *“A” Class divisions.* “A” Class divisions such as bulkheads and decks, means divisions that are composed of steel or an equivalent metal, suitably stiffened, and made intact with the main structure of the vessel, including the shell, structural bulkheads, or decks. They are constructed so that, if subjected to the standard fire test, they are capable of preventing the passage of flame and smoke for one hour. In addition, they are insulated with approved structural insulation, bulkhead panels, or deck coverings so that the average temperature on the unexposed side does not rise more than 139° C (250° F) above the original temperature, nor